

Driver Manual

**FS-8700-68 Notifier CEI-ABI Protocol Driver
for EN.54 Exchanges**

APPLICABILITY & EFFECTIVITY

Effective for all systems manufactured after June 2023.



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fieldserver

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1 Description

The CEI-ABI driver allows the FieldServer to transfer data to and from EN.54 exchanges over either RS-232 or RS-485 using CEI-ABI driver protocol.

The protocol can work over point to point connections on RS-232 or over a multidrop RS-485 line allowing for multiple exchanges on the same communications line. Every exchange has to be manually set to a unique address. The addresses used on a line must be from 1 to 16 in single bit binary e.g. (1, 2, 4, 8... 16).

The driver enters a configuration and alignment mode after startup. During this mode the following steps are followed:

- Zone alignment data is requested from the exchanges (80 zones)
- Loop alignment data is requested from the exchanges (16 loops)
- A request analogs command (27) is dispatched on each loop on every exchange (16 loops)
- Analog alignment data is requested on each loop from the exchanges (16 loops)

Once the configuration mode is finished, the driver starts to poll the exchanges for event data. Event data are alarms, troubles and system events on the exchanges.

Every exchange essentially contains 16 loops with 99 sensors and 99 modules. The collection of sensors and modules over all 16 loops are called points. There are 198 points on a loop and $16 \times 198 = 3,168$ points on an exchange.

Every point has a **status value** retrieved from the exchange during loop alignment:

0 = NORMAL
 1 = ALARM
 7...14 = TROUBLE
 57 = not installed
 61, 67 = disabled
 70 = ON
 71 = OFF

Every point has an **analog value** from 0 to 255 also retrieved from the exchange during analog alignment.

Points can be mapped into zones. 32 points can be mapped into a single zone giving a total of $32 \times 80 = 2560$ points. A point's status is therefore displayed in the Map Descriptor Data Array assigned for the points as well as in the Data Array for the zone. This mapping is simply a convenient way to group specific points into functional zones representing areas in a building, e.g. the workshop is zone 0, etc.

During the zone alignment stage, the points to zone mappings are retrieved from the exchanges and stored. The Client driver uses this setup information to store point data in the correct zone Map Descriptor Data Arrays. Each zone's label (e.g. 'workshop') is also retrieved and stored for user access during zone alignment. Each zone's state at alignment is also stored. Possible zone states in bit positions are:

0 = ZONE OK
 2 = ZONE ENABLED
 4 = ZONE DISABLED
 8 = ZONE IN ALARM
 16 = ZONE IN TROUBLE

Zone setup data can be stored in the Server Map Descriptors to map points to zones. A single zone's setup data consists of 64 bytes defined as follows:

Even bytes (0, 2, 4 ...) = device number 1...99

Odd bytes (1, 3, 5 ... (bits 8-12)) = loop number 0...15

Each word of zone setup data uniquely defines a point on a specific loop to a zone. Zones go from 0-79.

During the normal polling stage, the driver checks for events from the exchange. Points and zone changes can cause events that will be reported to the driver in response to a normal poll packet. The driver will indicate a zone or point event in the Map Descriptor Data Array by placing the event status value in the array. The device that caused the event and a detail description code of the event will be placed in the correct point or zone device and point or zone event Data Arrays for user access. Refer to the CEI-ABI protocol specification for a detailed list of the device and event codes.

A special event code of value 138 will cause the driver to re-enter the alignment mode. Exchanges report this code whenever a programming change has been made on the exchange (e.g. a zone label changed).

The driver can also be set up in a listen only mode to act as a data tap. In this mode, another device polls the exchanges and the driver stores the response data from the replying exchanges. The setup is done by specifying a node type of "Data_Tap" in a client csv file.

The driver also supports a reset function whereby the client can send a reset to Servers. The data tap listens for the Server's "command accepted" message before clearing its own point faults bitmap Data Array. The Client clears its Data Array once the "command accepted" message is sent from the Server.

NOTE: The driver is set up for 80 zones and 16 loops. The Data Arrays declared for each type of cei data contains applicable data arranged consecutively according to zone or loop number (from 0 to the last number).

A special Map Descriptor pointing to a bitmap Data Array of point faults (alarms and troubles) must also be declared in the Client and Data-Tap CSV files. The point faults bitmap Data Array contains a simple 0 or 1 to indicate a point fault or not. (1 = fault, 0 = normal). Note that only sensor module point faults are stored in this Data Array.

The following table shows the type of points found under each loop and their offsets in the Data Arrays. This table represents one complete exchange or node.

Detectors			Modules		
Loop	Offset Start	Offset End	Loop	Offset Start	Offset End
0	0	98	0	99	197
1	198	296	1	297	395
2	396	494	2	495	593
3	594	692	3	693	791
4	792	890	4	891	989
5	990	1088	5	1089	1187
6	1188	1286	6	1287	1385
7	1386	1484	7	1485	1583
8	1584	1682	8	1683	1781
9	1782	1880	9	1881	1979
10	1980	2078	10	2079	2177
11	2178	2276	11	2277	2375
12	2376	2474	12	2475	2573
13	2574	2672	13	2673	2771
14	2772	2870	14	2871	2969
15	2970	3068	15	3069	3167

2 Driver Scope of Supply

2.1 Provided by the Supplier of 3rd Party Equipment

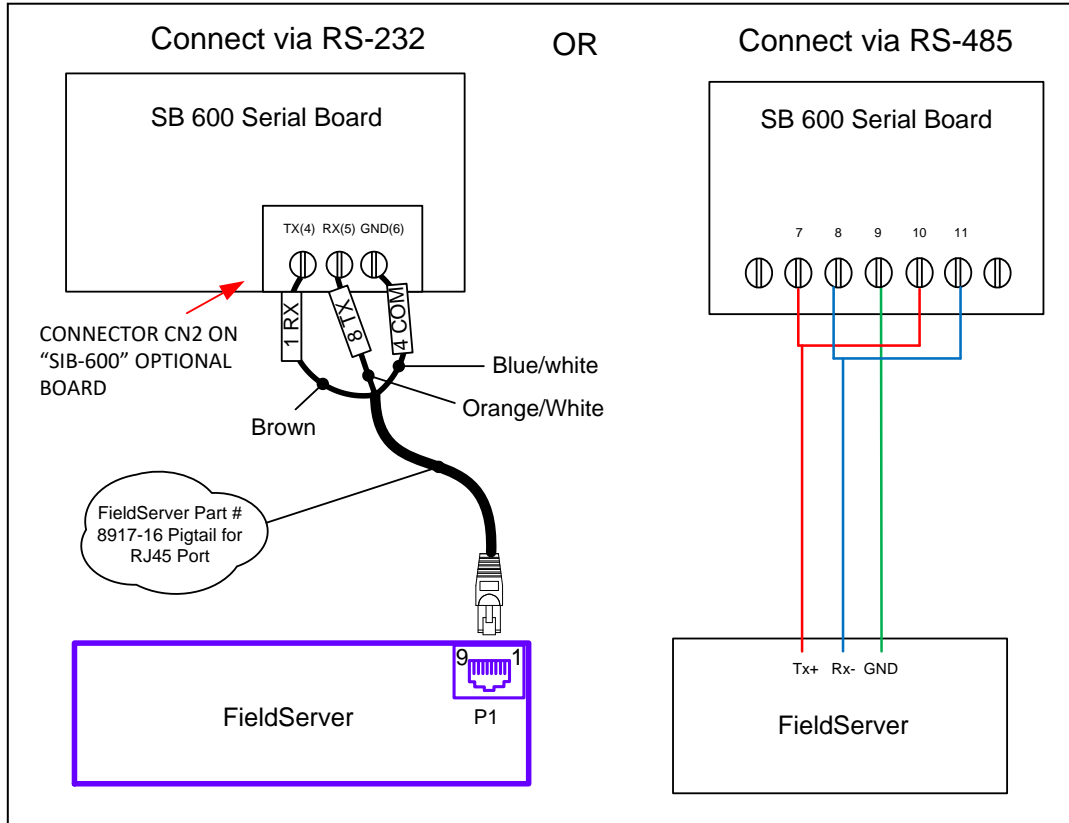
2.1.1 Required 3rd Party Hardware

Part #	Description
	RS-232 or RS-485 serial cable

3 Hardware Connections

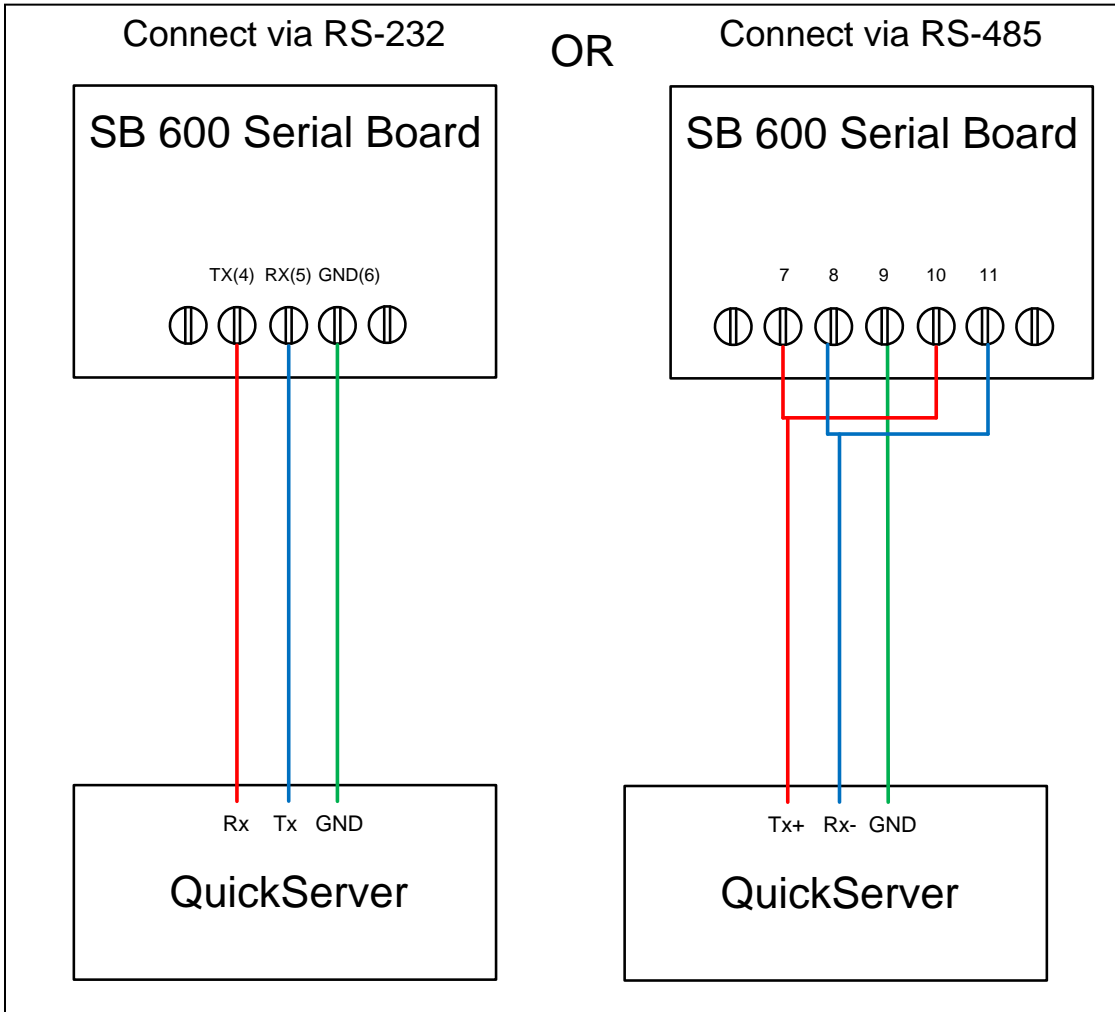
The FieldServer is connected to the En.54 exchange as shown in the following sections. Configure the En.54 exchange according to manufacturer's instructions.

3.1 Connect the Notifier Panel to the Multiport FieldServer



TERMIN. NR.		DENOMINATION		IT-485 WIRING	SERIAL PORT CONNECTOR ON FIELDSEVER	
1		GROUND				
2	RTS-232	RTS	SUPERVISION			
3		CTS				
4		TX			RJ45-01	
5		RX			RJ45-08	
6		GND			RJ45-04	
7	RTS-485	LIN + OUTWARD	PC WIRING	TERMINAL 4		
8		LIN - RETURN				
9		GND			SHIELD	
10		LIN + RETURN				
11		LIN - OUTWARD			TERMINAL 3	

3.2 Connect the Notifier Panel to the QuickServer



TERMIN. NR.		DENOMINATION	IT-485 WIRING
1		GROUND	
2	RTS-232	RTS	
3		CTS	
4		TX	
5		RX	
6		GND	
7	RTS-485	LIN + OUTWARD	PC
8		LIN - RETURN	WIRING
9		GND	
10		LIN + RETURN	
11		LIN - OUTWARD	
			TERMINAL 4
			SHIELD
			TERMINAL 3

3.3 Connection Notes

- For wiring of maximum 25 meters use 232 serial line (terminals 4-5-6).
- For wiring exceeding 15 meters use 485 serial line with IT-485 interface (terminals 7-11).
- **NB:** If the FieldServer is to be connected to the Serial Printer Port of the AM6000 Panel, use the driver "FS-8700-52 Notifier Italia AM6000". If the FieldServer is to be connected to the AM6000 panel using a SIB-600 device, use the driver "FS-8700-68 CEI ABI".

4 Data Array Parameters

Data Arrays are “protocol neutral” data buffers for storage of data to be passed between protocols. It is necessary to declare the data format of each of the Data Arrays to facilitate correct storage of the relevant data.

Section Title		
Data_Arrays		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Data_Array_Name	Provide name for Data Array.	Up to 15 alphanumeric characters
Data_Array_Format	Provide data format. Each Data Array can only take on one format.	Float, Bit, Byte, Uint16, Uint32, Sint16, Sint32
Data_Array_Length	Number of Data Objects. Must be larger than the data storage area required by the Map Descriptors for the data being placed in this array.	1-10000

Example

```
// Data Arrays
Data_Arrays
Data_Array_Name , Data_Format , Data_Array_Length
Counts_1 , Byte , 1
Pnt_sts_1 , Byte6 , 3168
Pnt_faults_bmap_1 , Bit , 3168
Pnt_analogs_1 , Byte , 3168
Pnt_Dev_codes_1 , Byte , 3168
Pnt_Evt_codes_1 , Byte , 3168
Zone_sts_1 , Byte , 80
Zn_Dev_codes_1 , Byte , 80
Zn_Evt_codes_1 , Byte , 80
Zone_labels_1 , Byte , 2560
Zone_pnt_sts_1 , Byte , 2560
Zone_setup_1 , Byte , 5120
Reset_1 , Bit , 1
Analog_1_0 , Byte , 198
```

The counts Data Array is a dummy array for the poller Map Descriptor. It does not contain any data.

5 Client Side Configuration

For detailed information on FieldServer configuration, refer to the FieldServer Configuration Manual. The information that follows describes how to expand upon the factory defaults provided in the configuration files included with the FieldServer (see “.csv” sample files provided with the FieldServer).

This section documents and describes the parameters necessary for configuring the FieldServer to communicate with an EN.54 exchange.

The configuration file tells the FieldServer about its interfaces, and the routing of data required. In order to enable the FieldServer for CEI-ABI driver communications, the driver independent FieldServer buffers need to be declared in the “Data Arrays” section, the destination device addresses need to be declared in the “Client Side Nodes” section, and the data required from the Servers needs to be mapped in the “Client Side Map Descriptors” section. Details on how to do this can be found below.

NOTE: In the tables below, * indicates an optional parameter, with the bold legal value as default.

5.1 Client Side Connection Parameters

Section Title		
Connections		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ¹
Baud*	Specify baud rate.	2400, 4800, 9600 , 19200 (Vendor limitation)
Parity*	Specify parity.	Even (Vendor limitation)
Data_Bits*	Specify data bits.	8 (Vendor limitation)
Stop_Bits*	Specify stop bits.	1 (Vendor limitation)
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)
Poll Delay*	Time between internal polls.	0-32000s, 3.0s
ReAlign_Mode*	This parameter allows the user to specify that only loops must be aligned at startup/reset. Refer to example in Section 8.1 .	All , Loops

Example

```
// Client Side Connections
Connections
Port , Protocol , Baud , Parity
P1 , CEI , 19200 , Even
```

¹ Not all ports shown may be supported by the hardware. Consult the appropriate Instruction manual for details of the hardware.

5.2 Client Side Node Descriptors

Section Title		
Nodes		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Provide name for node.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Node_ID	Generic node id unique to port.	0-255
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ²

Example

```
// Client Side Nodes
Nodes
Node_Name , Node_ID , Protocol , Connection
Node_0 , 0 , CEI , P1
```

5.3 Client Side Map Descriptor Parameters

5.3.1 FieldServer Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Map_Descriptor_Name	Name of this Map Descriptor.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Data_Array_Name	Name of Data Array where data is to be stored in the FieldServer.	One of the Data Array names from "Data Array" section above
Data_Array_Offset	Starting location in Data Array.	0 to maximum specified in "Data Array" section above
Function	Function of Client Map Descriptor.	Rdbc, Passive

5.3.2 Driver Related Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Name of Node to fetch data from.	One of the node names specified in "Client Node Descriptor" above
Cei_Address	The remote exchange's address.	1, 2, 4, 8, 16
Cei_Type	The specific type of cei data referred to by the Map Descriptor.	poller, analogs_poller, points, p_faults_bmp, analogs, p_devices, p_events, zones, z_devices, z_events, labels, zone_points, setup, reset
Loop*	The Analog loop on the exchange to poll.	0 – 15, -

5.3.3 Timing Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Scan_Interval	Rate at which data is polled.	≥2.0s per exchange (Increase value if more than one exchange on a RS-485 line), -

² Not all ports shown are necessarily supported by the hardware. Consult the appropriate Instruction manual for details of the ports available on specific hardware.

5.4 Map Descriptor Examples

Map_Descriptor_Name	Scan_Interval	Data_Array_Name	Data_Array_Offset	Function	Node_Name	Cei_Address	Cei_Type	Length
Poller_1	, 7.0s	, Counts_1	, 0	, Rdbc	, Node_0	, 1	, Poller	, 3168
Exch_1_P_S	, 0s	, Pnt_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Points	, 3168
Exch_1_P_F_B	, 0s	, Pnt_faults_bmap_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_faults_bmp	, 3168
Exch_1_P_A	, 0s	, Pnt_analogs_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Analogs	, 3168
Exch_1_P_D_C	, 0s	, Pnt_Dev_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_devices	, 3168
Exch_1_P_E_C	, 0s	, Pnt_Evt_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_events	, 3168
Exch_1_Z_S	, 0s	, Zone_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Zones	, 80
Exch_1_Z_D_C	, 0s	, Zn_Dev_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, z_devices	, 80
Exch_1_Z_E_C	, 0s	, Zn_Evt_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, z_events	, 80
Exch_1_Z_L	, 0s	, Zone_labels_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Labels	, 2560
Exch_1_Z_P_S	, 0s	, Zone_pnt_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, zone_points	, 2560
Exch_1_Z_S_U	, 0s	, Zone_setup_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Setup	, 5120
Exch_1_Reset	, 2.0s	, Reset_1	, 0	, Rdbc	, Node_0	, 1	, Reset	

In the above example:

- Map_Descriptor_Name – This can be any name but each name must be unique. Name will appear in FieldServer Map Descriptor status information screens.
- Scan_Interval – Scan interval must be adapted for multiple Map Descriptor scans. Only the poller has a real scan value.
- Data_Array_Name – A Data Array name defined in “Data Array” section above.
- Data_Array_Offset – The offset into the Data Array where the data will be stored.
- Function – Only read and passive allowed. Read is for pollers and passive for data.
- Node_Name – Node name defined in Node Section. The Node_Name identifies the port on which the exchange is connected.
- Cei_Address – The remote exchange address.
- Length – The type of cei data the Map Descriptor refers to. Used by driver internals to store data in multiple locations.

Map_Descriptor_Name	Scan_Interval	Data_Array_Name	Data_Array_Offset	Function	Node_Name	Cei_Address	Cei_Type	Loop	Length
Exch_1_Analog_1	, 7.0s	, Analogs_1_0	, 0	, Rdbc	, Node_0	, 1	, Analogs_poller	, 0	, 198

In the above example:

- Loop – Add more Map Descriptors to poll other loops. Analog loops 0 to 15 can be polled.

6 Server Side Configuration

For detailed information on FieldServer configuration, refer to the FieldServer Configuration Manual. The information that follows describes how to expand upon the factory defaults provided in the configuration files included with the FieldServer (see “.csv” sample files provided with the FieldServer).

The configuration file tells the FieldServer about its interfaces, and the routing of data required. In order to enable the FieldServer for CEI-ABI driver communications, the driver independent FieldServer buffers need to be declared in the “Data Arrays” section, the FieldServer virtual node(s) needs to be declared in the “Server Side Nodes” section, and the data to be provided to the Client needs to be mapped in the “Server Side Map Descriptors” section. Details on how to do this can be found below.

NOTE: In the tables below, * indicates an optional parameter, with the bold legal value as default.

6.1 Server Side Connection Parameters

Section Title		
Connections		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ³
Baud*	Specify baud rate.	2400, 4800, 9600 , 19200
Parity*	Specify parity.	Even
Data_Bits*	Specify data bits.	8
Stop_Bits*	Specify stop bits.	1
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)
ReAlign_Mode*	This parameter allows the user to specify that only loops must be aligned at startup/reset. Refer to example in Section 8.1 .	All , Loops

Example

```
// Server Side Connections

Connections
Port , Protocol , Baud , Parity
P1 , CEI , 19200 , Even
```

³ Not all ports shown are necessarily supported by the hardware. Consult the appropriate Instruction manual for details of the ports available on specific hardware.

6.2 Server Side Node Parameters

Section Title		
Nodes		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Provide name for node.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Node_ID	Generic node id unique to port.	0-255
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)

Example

```
// Server Side Nodes

Nodes
Node_Name , Node_ID , Protocol
Node_0 , 0 , CEI
```

6.3 Server Side Map Descriptor Parameters

6.3.1 FieldServer Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Map_Descriptor_Name	Name of this Map Descriptor.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Data_Array_Name	Name of Data Array where data is to be stored in the FieldServer.	One of the Data Array names from "Data Array" section above
Data_Array_Location	Starting location in Data Array.	0 to (Data_Array_Length -1) as specified in "Data Array" section above
Function	Function of Client Map Descriptor.	Passive

6.3.2 Driver Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Name of Node to fetch data from.	One of the node names specified in the Node section above
Cei_Address	The remote exchange's address.	1, 2, 4, 8, 16
Cei_Type	The specific type of cei data referred to by the Map Descriptor.	points, analogs, devices, events, zones, labels, setup

6.4 Map Descriptor Example

Map_Descriptor_Name	Data_Array_Name	Data_Array_Offset	Function	Node_Name	Cei_Address	Cei_Type	Length
Exch_1_P_S	, Pnt_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Points	, 3168
Exch_1_P_A	, Pnt_analogs_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Analogs	, 3168
Exch_1_D_C	, Dev_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Devices	, 3168
Exch_1_E_C	, Evt_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Events	, 3168
Exch_1_Z_S	, Zone_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Zones	, 80
Exch_1_Z_L	, Zone_labels_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Labels	, 2560
Exch_1_Z_S_U	, Zone_setup_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Setup	, 5120

In the above example:

- Map_Descriptor_Name – This can be any name but each name must be unique. Name will appear in FieldServer Map Descriptor status information screens.
- Data_Array_Name – A Data Array name defined in “Data Array” section above. Data from the forth script file will be stored into the array at Data_Array_Offset. This data will be sent to a requesting client.
- Data_Array_Offset – This value specifies the offset into the Data Array where the data from the forth script will be stored. Note that the script can offset the data in addition to this offset value.
- Function – Function may not be read or write since it implements a Server. Function may only be passive.
- Node_Name – Node name defined in Node Section. The Node_Name identifies the port on which the exchange is connected.
- Cei_Address – The exchange address.
- Cei_Type – The cei data type the Map Descriptor points to. Used by driver internals to retrieve data.

7 Configuring the FieldServer as a CEI-ABI Data Tap

For detailed information on FieldServer configuration, refer to the FieldServer Configuration Manual. The information that follows describes how to expand upon the factory defaults provided in the configuration files included with the FieldServer (see “.csv” sample files provided with the FieldServer).

This section documents and describes the parameters necessary for configuring the FieldServer to communicate with an EN.54 exchange.

The configuration file tells the FieldServer about its interfaces, and the routing of data required. In order to enable the FieldServer for CEI-ABI driver communications, the driver independent FieldServer buffers need to be declared in the “Data Arrays” section, the destination device addresses need to be declared in the “Client Side Nodes” section, and the data required from the Servers needs to be mapped in the “Client Side Map Descriptors” section. Details on how to do this can be found below.

NOTE: In the tables below, * indicates an optional parameter, with the bold legal value as default.

7.1 Data Tap Connection Parameters

Section Title		
Connections		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ⁴
Baud*	Specify baud rate.	2400, 4800, 9600 , 19200
Parity*	Specify parity.	Even
Data_Bits*	Specify data bits.	8
Stop_Bits*	Specify stop bits.	1
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)
ReAlign_Mode*	This parameter allows the user to specify that only loops must be aligned at startup/reset. Refer to example in 8.1 .	All , Loops

Example

```
// Client Side Connections

Connections
Port , Protocol , Baud , Parity
P1 , CEI , 19200 , Even
```

⁴ Not all ports shown are necessarily supported by the hardware. Consult the appropriate Instruction manual for details of the ports available on specific hardware.

7.2 Data Tap Node Parameters

Section Title		
Nodes		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Provide name for node.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Node_ID	Generic node id unique to port.	0-255
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	CEI (Case insensitive)
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ⁴
Node_type	Specify this is a listen only node.	Data_Tap

Example

```
// Client Side Nodes

Nodes
Node_Name , Node_ID , Protocol , Port , Node_Type
Node_0 , 0 , CEI , P1 , Data_Tap
```

7.3 Data Tap Map Descriptor Parameters

7.3.1 FieldServer Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Map_Descriptor_Name	Name of this Map Descriptor.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters
Data_Array_Name	Name of Data Array where data is to be stored in the FieldServer.	One of the Data Array names from "Data Array" section above
Data_Array_Location	Starting location in Data Array.	0 to (Data_Array_Length -1 as specified in the data array section
Function	Function of Client Map Descriptor.	Passive

7.3.2 Driver Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Node_Name	Name of Node to tap data from.	One of the node names specified in the Node Parameter section
Cei_address	The remote exchange's address.	1, 2, 4, 8, 16
Cei_type	The specific type of cei data referred to by the Map Descriptor.	points, p_faults_bmp, analogs, p_devices, p_events, zones, z_devices, z_events, labels, zone_points, setup

7.4 Map Descriptor Example

Map_Descriptor_Name	Data_Array_Name	Data_Array_Offset	Function	Node_Name	Cei_Address	Cei_Type	Length
Exch_1_P_S	, Pnt_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Points	, 3168
Exch_1_P_F_B	, Pnt_faults_bmap_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_faults_bmp	, 3168
Exch_1_P_A	, Pnt_analogs_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Analogs	, 3168
Exch_1_P_D_C	, Pnt_Dev_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_devices	, 3168
Exch_1_P_E_C	, Pnt_Evt_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, p_events	, 3168
Exch_1_Z_S	, Zone_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Zones	, 80
Exch_1_Z_D_C	, Zn_Dev_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, z_devices	, 80
Exch_1_Z_E_C	, Zn_Evt_codes_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, z_events	, 80
Exch_1_Z_L	, Zone_labels_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Labels	, 2560
Exch_1_Z_P_S	, Zone_pnt_sts_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, zone_points	, 2560
Exch_1_Z_S_U	, Zone_setup_1	, 0	, Passive	, Node_0	, 1	, Setup	, 5120

In the above example:

- **Map_Descriptor_Name** – This can be any name but each name must be unique. Name will appear in FieldServer Map Descriptor status information screens.
- **Data_Array_Name** – A Data Array name defined in “Data Array” section above. Data from the forth script file will be stored into the array at Data_Array_Offset.
- **Data_Array_Offset** – The offset into the Data Array where the data will be stored.
- **Function** – Function may not be write. Only read and passive. Read is for pollers and passive for data.
- **Node_Name** – Node name defined in Node Section. The Node_Name identifies the port on which the exchange is connected.
- **Cei_Address** – The exchange address.
- **Cei_Type** – The cei data type the Map Descriptor points to. Used by driver internals to retrieve data.

8 Useful Features

8.1 Align Loops Only

This parameter allows the user to specify that only loops must be aligned at start-up/reset. The parameter needs to be set to "Loops" to activate this functionality.

Connections							
Port	Baud	Data_Bits	Stop_Bits	Parity	Protocol	ReAlign_Mode	
R1	19200	8	1	Even	cei	Loops	

9 Vendor Information

9.1 Mapping the Points to Modbus

The following table shows how the cei points in a single Data Array containing all 16 loops may be mapped to Modbus points. The p_faults_bmap type should be used and the Data Array type should be set to bit.

Loop	Points type	Source_Data_Array	Source_Offset	Target_Data_Array	Target_Offset	Length
0	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	0	MB_alarms	1	99
0	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	99	MB_alarms	101	99
1	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	198	MB_alarms	201	99
1	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	297	MB_alarms	301	99
2	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	396	MB_alarms	401	99
2	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	495	MB_alarms	501	99
3	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	594	MB_alarms	601	99
3	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	693	MB_alarms	701	99
4	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	792	MB_alarms	801	99
4	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	891	MB_alarms	901	99
5	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	990	MB_alarms	1001	99
5	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1089	MB_alarms	1101	99
6	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1188	MB_alarms	1201	99
6	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1287	MB_alarms	1301	99
7	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1386	MB_alarms	1401	99
7	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1485	MB_alarms	1501	99
8	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1584	MB_alarms	1601	99
8	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1683	MB_alarms	1701	99
9	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1782	MB_alarms	1801	99
9	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1881	MB_alarms	1901	99
10	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	1980	MB_alarms	2001	99
10	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2079	MB_alarms	2101	99
11	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2178	MB_alarms	2201	99
11	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2277	MB_alarms	2301	99
12	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2376	MB_alarms	2401	99
12	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2475	MB_alarms	2501	99
13	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2574	MB_alarms	2601	99
13	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2673	MB_alarms	2701	99
14	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2772	MB_alarms	2801	99
14	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2871	MB_alarms	2901	99
15	Detectors	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	2970	MB_alarms	3001	99
15	Modules	Pnt_flts_bmap_1	3069	MB_alarms	3101	99

10 Reference

10.1 Event Field

Device: DLIB Device: DZONE

- 1 = EALARM, Point alarm
- 2 = EPREAL1, Pre-alarm 1 - only for FSP-402
- 3 = EPREAL2, Pre-alarm 2 - only for FSP-402
- 4 = EALLNC, NC input alarm in ADEMCO 4278 EX and SMM1 - only for FSP-402
- 5 = ETAMPER, Tamper alarm - only for FSP-402
- 6 = ETAMPERFAULT, Tamper fault - only for FSP-402
- 7 = EHIGH, High sensitivity fault - only for FSP-402
- 8 = ELOW, Low sensitivity fault
- 9 = EINV, Invalid reply fault (point on loop no longer responds to the control panel)
- 10 = EMAINT, Sensor fault in maintenance
- 11 = ECUT, Input cut fault on module
- 12 = ESHORT, Short fault on module input
- 13 = EFAULTAUTOTEST Failed Self Test Failure - FSP-402 only
- 14 = EFAULTTYPEID, Type ID error from point on loop

Device: DALIM - all for FSP-402 only

- 15 = ELIM24CM, 24v volt field limitation
- 16 = ELIM24RS, 24v / 12v limitation Resettable
- 17 = ELIM24LP, 24v Loop Limitation
- 18 = ELIM12VR, Limitation 12v Relay
- 19 = ELIM12LS, Safety Loop 12v Limitation
- 20 = ELIM05ST, Limitation 05v Printer
- 21 = EGRETE, No mains
- 22 = EGBATT, Battery fault (VBatt <22.4v)
- 23 = EPRESCAV, No control cable
- 24 = EGTERP, Ground fault to positive
- 25 = EGTERN, Ground fault to negative
- 26 = ELIM12CM, 12v range limitation

Device: DLPT - all for FSP-402 only

- 27 = EPAPEREND, Paper End

Device: DSYS - all for FSP-402 only

- 28 = EGTAMPER, Central tamper fault
- 29 = EGTAMPERKEY, Central key tamper fault
- 30 = ECRELALL, Short relay general alarm
- 31 = ETRELUS1, Cut relay user 1
- 32 = ETRELALL, General alarm relay cut
- 33 = ECRELUS1, Short relay user 1

Device: DOPER

- 34 = ECENTRALEON, Peripheral control unit ON only for FSP-402
- 35 = EPASSW1IN, Center door open (Ver. PT) - only for FSP-402
- 36 = EPASSW1OUT, Central door closing - only for FSP-402
- 37 = EPASSW2IN, Entry into progr. level 2 (Key PSW1)
- 38 = EPASSW2OUT, Exit from prog. level 2
- 39 = EPASSW2INV, Level 2 password invalid
- 40 = EPASSW2SEIN, Entry in progr. level 2 (Services) - only for FSP-402
- 41 = EPASSW2SEOUT Exit from prog. level - only for FSP-402
- 42 = EPASSW2SEINV, Level 2 password invalid - only for FSP-402
- 43 = EPASSW3IN, Entry into progr. level 3 (Key PROG)
- 44 = EPASSW3OUT, Exit from prog. level 3
- 45 = EPASSW3INV, Level 3 password invalid
- 46 = EPASSW4IN, Center door opening - only for FSP-402
- 47 = EPASSW4OUT, Central door lock - only for FSP-402
- 48 = ETACITOUT, Silence outputs
- 49 = ERIPRIOUT, Reset outputs silenced
- 50 = EGLBACK, global ACK
- 51 = EDTAMPER, Disable tamper - only for FSP-402
- 52 = EDTAMPERKEY, Disable key tamper - only for FSP-402
- 53 = ERESETGLB, Global reset
- 54 = ERESETGUA, Reset faults - only for FSP-402
- 55 = ERESETALL, Reset alarms - only for FSP-402
- 56 = EINST, Installation- only for FSP-402
- 57 = EDEINST, Uninstall - only for FSP-402
- 58 = EINCLPOINT, point inclusion
- 59 = EINCLZONE, Zone inclusion
- 60 = EINCLGROUP, Include group - only for FSP-402
- 61 = EESCLPOINT, point exclusion
- 62 = EXCLZONE, Zone exclusion
- 63 = EESCLGROUP, Group exclusion - only for FSP-402
- 64 = EINSPOINT, Insert point
- 65 = EINSZONE, zone arming
- 66 = EINSGROUP, Insert group - only for FSP-402
- 67 = EDEINSPOINT, point deactivation
- 68 = EDEINSZONE, zone disarming
- 69 = EDEINSGROUP, Unset group - only for FSP-402
- 70 = EON, Output module activation (ON)
- 71 = EOFF, Output module deactivation (OFF)
- 72 = EXOLAR, Change of time Leg-> Sol - only for FSP-402
- 73 = ELEGAL, Time change Sol-> Leg - only for FSP-402
- 74 = EABIINSPOINT, Abil. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 75 = EABIINSZONE, Abil. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 76 = EABIINSGROUP, Abil. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 77 = EDISINSPOINT, Disa. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 78 = EDISINSZONE, Disa. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 79 = EDISINSGROUP, Disa. ins. by expiration - only for FSP-402
- 80 = EENQSTRZ, Rich. Extraordinary Zone - only for FSP-402

81 = EOPEN, status sensor / module open
82 = ECLOSED, sensor / status module closed

Device: DLOOP

83 = ECUTLINE, Sensor line cut - only for FSP-402
84 = ESHORTLINE, Short sensor line - only for FSP-402 n events only for AM6000 ---

Device: DALIM

85 = FAIL, zone failure
86 = EG_MRETE, mains failure
87 = EG_IRPRINC, insuff. power supply principal
88 = EG_IR_SEC, insuff. power supply secondary
89 = EG_IC_BAT, insuff. battery charger network
90 = EG_SR_PRINC, main overvoltage
91 = EG_SR_SEC, secondary overvoltage
92 = EG_SC_BAT, battery charger overvoltage
93 = EG_AN_PRINC, main anomaly
94 = EG_AN_SEC, secondary anomaly
95 = EG_AN_BATT, battery anomaly
96 = EG_MBATT, batteries disconnected
97 = EG_ES_BATT, batteries exhausted
98 = EG_SCOMP_RIC, recharge failure
99 = EG_SCON_AUS, power supply auxiliary disconnected
100 = EG_FUSEUT_AUS, merged auxiliary user interrupted
101 = EG_FUSEUT_PRINC, merged main user aborted
102 = EG_FUSE_SIR, siren fused interrupted
103 = EG_DISP_TERRA, earth fault
104 = EG_DBATT, bad battery

Device: DSYS

105 = EG_LC_SIR, siren controlled line
106 = EG_LOOP, loop stopped
107 = EG_LINECC, line shorted
108 = EG_PRN, printer offline
109 = EG_PERIF, peripheral board offline
110 = EG_LINEINS, insufficient line voltage
111 = EG_LATOA_OPEN, side A open
112 = EG_LATOB_OPEN, side B open
113 = EG_KEYBRD, Keyboard card
114 = EG_JUMPPRG, prog. left active
115 = EG_START, first central ignition
116 = EG_WDOG, restart after watchdog
117 = EG_PFFL_TERM, CRT terminal offline
118 = EG_CUT_OR_SHORT MODULE input fault with type SW = SCO2

Device: DOPER

119 = EG_NO_EVENT Normal system

Device: DSYS

- 120 = EG_LC_CL_SIR Shorted L.C. Sir
- 121 = EG_LINE_NINST SENSOR line (loop) not installed
- 122 = EG_FLASH_NALIGN Flash memory not aligned
- 123 = EG_GANC_OFFLINE Synoptic (Annunciator) # xx offline
- 124 = not used
- 125 = not used
- 126 = not used
- 127 = not used
- 128 = not used

Device: DOPER

- 129 = ERESTOR Ingr. TRACKING restored
- 130 = EINSLOOP Insert / modify line
- 131 = EDEINSLOOP Remove line
- 132 = EGSTACK not used (fault recognition)
- 133 = EALLACK not used (alarm acknowledgment)
- 134 = ERSTGWDOG Reset Watchdog
- 135 = EAUTOPROG Loop self-programming completed
- 136 = EBLKPRG Block programming complete
- 137 = ESETCLOCK Clock set
- 138 = EMODIFPRG Programming change IN CENTRAL UNIT
- 139 = EACTMOD
- 140 = EDEACTMOD
- 141 = EPASSW1IN
- 142 = EPASSW1OUT
- 143 = EPASSW1INV
- 150 = EATTOUT

Device: DLIB

- 151 = ETAMP MTRB module tamper line fault
- 152 = EGST_SDRIFT Sensor drift fault
- 153 = EATT_NONA module activation with type SW = NONA (not alarm)

Device: DALIM

- 160 = EG_CON_AUS

Device: DSYS

- 165 = EGFLASH_CRC Flash memory CRC incorrect
- 166 = EGFLASH_ERR error writing to Flash
- 167 = EGEPROM_CRC CRC of EPROM memory incorrect
- 168 = EGLIN_PAR Line reliability parameters changed
- 169 = EGNINSTBRD Cards present but not programmed
- 170 = EGHISPAUSE Historical archive blocked by operator
- 180 = not assigned